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(Original Signature of Member)

113TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

**H. R.** \_\_\_\_\_

To promote transparent, collaborative, and cost-effective national ambient air quality standards for ozone under the Clean Air Act and for other purposes.

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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. WEBER of Texas introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
**A BILL**

To promote transparent, collaborative, and cost-effective national ambient air quality standards for ozone under the Clean Air Act and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Clear the Air with Con-  
5 gress Act of 2014”.

1 **SEC. 2. NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS FOR**  
2 **OZONE.**

3 (a) REPORT TO CONGRESS PRIOR TO PROPOSING  
4 NEW STANDARD.—Not less than 180 days before issuance  
5 of any rule proposing a new or revised national primary  
6 or secondary ambient air quality standard for ozone under  
7 section 109 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7409), the  
8 Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency  
9 shall submit to Congress and make publically available a  
10 report that contains each of the following:

11 (1) The standard (in parts per million) to be  
12 proposed.

13 (2) All scientific and technical data relied upon  
14 to support the proposed standard in a manner that  
15 is sufficient for independent analysis and substantial  
16 reproduction of results.

17 (3) A description of all technologies and strate-  
18 gies that may be utilized to achieve the standard and  
19 the direct and indirect costs of such technologies and  
20 strategies.

21 (4) An economic impact analysis that estimates  
22 the total costs of the standard, including—

23 (A) the impact to gross domestic product  
24 and employment by State;

25 (B) the cost of wholesale and retail elec-  
26 tricity by State; and

1 (C) total compliance costs by State.

2 (5) A list of each area of the United States, in-  
3 cluding each county, that would be in nonattainment  
4 under the standard.

5 (6) An identification of the level of ground level  
6 ozone in each county of the United States that is  
7 naturally occurring or produced outside of the  
8 United States.

9 (b) CONSIDERATION OF ECONOMIC AND TECHNO-  
10 LOGICAL FEASIBILITY.—In establishing a national pri-  
11 mary or secondary ambient air quality standard for ozone  
12 under section 109 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7409),  
13 the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agen-  
14 cy shall take into consideration the cost and economic and  
15 technological feasibility of attaining such standard.

16 (c) APPROVAL BY LAW OF NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR  
17 QUALITY STANDARDS FOR OZONE.—A national primary  
18 or secondary ambient air quality standard for ozone under  
19 section 109 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7409) shall  
20 not take effect unless a Federal statute is enacted approv-  
21 ing such standard.